

ADVANCING AUTONOMOUS SWARM CAPABILITIES: FROM SIMULATION TO EXPERIMENTATION

Timothy H. Chung

Naval Postgraduate School
777 Dyer Road
BU-218
Monterey, CA 93943, USA

ABSTRACT

With increasing availability and proliferation of unmanned system technologies, such as unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs) in civilian and military applications, both opportunities and challenges arise in addressing large numbers of robots capable of collective interactions. In this presentation, we present active research efforts in the Advanced Robotic Systems Engineering Laboratory (ARSENL) at the Naval Post-graduate School exploring future concepts, mathematical, algorithmic, and simulation models, and live-fly field experimentation of UAV swarms. We highlight and address a number of the specific considerations for modeling engagements between adversarial swarms of autonomous systems, in which the two swarms have opposing mission objectives. Such efforts require further development of autonomous swarm tactics, leveraging existing and future enabling technologies in a holistic, system-of-systems context. This presentation also provides results and lessons learned from both extensive simulation-based studies and also recent field experiments, as part of a live-fly testbed development effort to support rapid innovation and exploration of such future concepts for advanced research and education.

AUTHOR BIOGRAPHY

TIMOTHY H. CHUNG is an Assistant Professor of Systems Engineering at the Naval Postgraduate School in Monterey, California. Dr. Chung also serves as the Deputy Director of the Secretary of the Navy initiative, the Consortium for Robotics and Unmanned Systems Education and Research (CRUSER). His research interests include modeling and analysis of operational settings involving unmanned systems, notably information gathering and sensor fusion for search and detection missions using probabilistic and optimization models. Combining algorithm development with field experimentation, active research pursuits include systems design of large teams of cooperating and adversarial robots. Such efforts involve integration of modeling, algorithms, hardware, simulation, communications, human factors, and control, leveraging extensive research collaborations. He received his doctorate (2007) and M.S. (2002) at the California Institute of Technology in mechanical engineering and his B.S. (2001) in mechanical and aerospace engineering at Cornell University. He joined NPS in 2008.